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To Jesus Through Mary

Name _____ Per. _____ Date _____
Eighth Grade Religion Chapter Four Review Questions

Monasticism

1. Define monasticism. Monasticism is a way of life lived by those who seek to develop a closer discipleship relationship with Jesus away from the influences of society.

2. What are the five characteristics of monasticism?
 - a. go out into the desert; the wilderness away from society
 - b. spend the day in silent prayer
 - c. spend time studying the scriptures
 - d. spend time meditating on Jesus and his life
 - e. they fast

3. What are the eight times of prayer in the Liturgy of the Hours for which the monks gather together to pray?
 1. Nocturn at 2 A.M.
 2. Lauds at 6 A.M.
 3. Prime during the early morning
 4. Terce at 9 A.M.
 5. Sext just before Noon
 6. None at 3 P.M.
 7. Vespers at 6 P.M.
 8. Compline before going to bed

4. What are the three evangelical counsels?
 1. poverty
 2. chastity
 3. obedience

5. What does *Ora et Labora* mean? What did Benedict mean by this?

Ora et Labora means Prayer and Work. It was Benedict's motto. He meant that the day in a life of a monk should be spent between praying to God throughout the day and working to make the monastery self-sufficient.

6. Sum up the 24-hour day of the monk.

8 hours were spent sleeping
6 hours working
3 hours praying together
7 hours of personal prayer and spiritual reading

7. What are the six causes of tension which was building up between the two centers of influence (Rome & Constantinople) in the one Christian Church from 500 to 1000?
- a. the rivalry between the Bishop of Rome and the Patriarch of Constantinople as to whom was the most influential
 - b. the missionary competition; will this or that particular area be under the influence of Rome or Constantinople
 - c. the crowning of Charlemagne as Emperor of the Romans on Christmas Day in 800; since there is only one Christian God, there should be only one Christian Empire and one Christian Emperor
 - d. the language difference; Latin is spoken in the West while Greek is spoken in the East, making communication between East and West difficult
 - e. some cultural differences like in the West a celibate clergy while in the East a married clergy; in the West they used unleavened bread for the Eucharist while in the East they used regular leavened bread
 - f. the different understanding of the Creed; in the West they said the Holy Spirit proceed from the Father and the Son while in the East they just said the Holy Spirit proceeded from the Father; the Filioque Controversy