

+

To Jesus Through Mary

Name _____ Per. _____ Date _____
Eighth Grade Religion Test: Chapter 11

Matching Column

- _____ 1. the creed of those who wanted more freedom; the freedom of speech, of the press, and of religion and the right to assemble peacefully
- _____ 2. in its highest and best sense it is patriotism, the virtue of loving one's country; but it can also be cruel and ugly when it turns into hatred and intolerance
- _____ 3. comprised those territories over which the Pope was the ruler in a civil as well as a spiritual sense
- _____ 4. was a freelance revolutionary general who helped overthrow the governments in the Italian peninsula
- _____ 5. was the King of Sardinia around whom the new constitutional kingdom of Italy will be established
- _____ 6. the Prime Minister of Sardinia who diplomatically unites the many areas of the Italian peninsula into the Kingdom of Italy
- _____ 7. has the longest papacy in history of 32 years; during his pontificate the Papal States come to an end
- _____ 8. the popes from 1870 to 1929 proclaimed themselves this in protest to the illegal seizing of the Papal States
- _____ 9. became the Prime Minister of Italy in 1919 and sought to regularize the relationship of the Italian kingdom with the Papacy
- _____ 10. the pope who negotiated a treaty with Italy's Prime Minister thus regularizing the relationship between Italy and the Papacy
- _____ 11. the treaty which regularized the relationship between Italy and the Papacy
- _____ 12. the Prime Minister of Prussia who unified all of the German states into the Kingdom of Germany in 1871
- _____ 13. the predominate area of German speaking Catholics; will be left out of the new Kingdom of Germany because of its connection to Hungary
- _____ 14. will become the focal point around which the new Kingdom of Germany will be formed
- _____ 15. a program to take pride in all that is German but will become anti-Catholic
- _____ 16. laws which were designed to limit the power and influence of the Catholic Church in the new Kingdom of Germany
- _____ 17. a French priest who urged Catholics to take a more favorable look at the good within liberalism and nationalism
- _____ 18. an example of these new religious orders dedicated solely to missionary work

- ___ 19. the pope who in 1919 issued a document in which he told the missionaries to remember that their job was to spread the Christian faith, not to promote European colonialism
- ___ 20. a Carmelite nun who because of her concern for others and her deep spirituality received the title "Patroness of the Missions"
- ___ 21. the book in which St. Thérèse described her way to holiness
- ___ 22. this consisted in doing the everyday things of life as perfectly as you can out of love for God and neighbor

- | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|
| A. Kulturkampf | AE. Austria | ABE. Muzzolini |
| B. Benedict XV | BC. Pius IX | ACD. Garibaldi |
| C. Liberalism | BD. May Laws | ACE. Papal States |
| D. Otto von Bismarck | BE. <i>The History of a Soul</i> | ADE. Cavour |
| E. Victor Emmanuel II | CD. Thérèse of Lisieux | BCD. Maryknoll |
| AB. Prussia | CE. The "little way" | BCE. Pius XI |
| AC. Lateran Agreement of 1929 | ABC. Prisoner of the Vatican | |
| AD. Félicité de Lamennais | ABD. Nationalism | |

- ___ 23. a Catholic political party in Germany which led the defense of Catholic rights against Bismarck
- ___ 24. founded the Society of Vincent de Paul whose members visited the poor
- ___ 25. founded the Catholic Association to obtain civil rights for Irish and English Catholics
- ___ 26. part of this devotional prayer is to receive Holy Communion on the first Friday of each month
- ___ 27. the 14-year-old girl to whom Mary appeared and proclaimed herself as the Immaculate Conception
- ___ 28. the apparition of Mary to the 14-year-old French girl is called this
- ___ 29. this dogma states that from the moment her life began Mary was free from all sin, including Original Sin
- ___ 30. this council proclaimed the dogma of Papal Infallibility
- ___ 31. this dogma means that when the pope speaks officially as the successor of Peter on matters of faith and morality, guided by the Holy Spirit, he is not in error
- ___ 32. the first pope to recognize the social problems caused by the Industrial Revolution
- ___ 33. gave rise to a new social class; the urban worker who did not have the support system of the extended family
- ___ 34. the papal encyclical in which the pope takes the sides of the oppressed workers, defending their right to form labor unions and calling upon governments to protect them
- ___ 35. his most outstanding contributions were to encourage daily Holy Communion and lowering the age of First Communion

- | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|
| A. Bernadette Soubiroux | AB. Frédéric Ozanam | BC. Leo XIII |
| B. <i>Rerum Novarum</i> | AC. Industrial Revolution | BD. Pius X |
| C. Our Lady of Lourdes | AD. Daniel O'Connell | BE. Sacred Heart |
| D. First Vatican Council | AE. Papal Infallibility | CD. Center Party |
| E. Immaculate Conception | | |